the purchase prices adding or without its services charges and the benefit was more in comparison with the ruling market prices. The difference in price varies from mills to mills and state to state based on the location of the spinning mills and state to state based on the location of the spinning mills, the buyer handloom organisations and the component of sales tax existant in the state are where the spinning mills are situated.

(d) Yes, Sir, As the National Handloom Development Corporation is a commercial organisation, waiver of service charges cannot be considered.

National Institute of Fashion Technology

2840. SHRI PRAGADA KOTAIAH:
PROF. I.G. SANADI:
SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) when the National Institute of Fashion Technology was established;

(b) the training courses introduced and the number of trainees in each course;

(c) the amount spent per year for running the Institute;

(d) the bio-data of the trainees and the States from which they are selected;

(e) whether it is a fact that the Planning Commission made certain observations and objections in the running of the Institute; if so, the details thereof;

(f) whether the Apparel Export Promotion Council has made any proposal to run the Institute; if so, the reasons for rejection of the proposal; and

(g) the amount of cess or service charges collected by the Apparel Export Promotion Council on Mill-made, Powerloom and Handloom garments etc, during the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) The National Institute of Fashion Technology was established as a registered Society in 1986 under Societies Act, 1860 and has been functioning since August, 1987.

(b) The traning courses introduced in NIFT and the annual intake number of trainees in each course is as under:—

	Course	Duration	Annual Intake
1.	Fashion Design	3yrs.	30
2.	Accessory Design	3yrs.	30
3.	Apparel Marketing & Merchadising	2yrs	35
4.	Garment Manufacturing Technology	2yrs.	30
5.	Leather Garment Design & Technology	2yrs.	30
6.	Textile Design Development	3yrs.	30
7.	Knitwear Design & Technology	3yrs.	30

(c) The amount spent per year for running the Institute since 1986-87 upto 1993-94 is as under:—

Sl. No.	Year	Grant
1.	1986-87	1,38,86,000
2.	1987-88	3,19,14,000
3.	1988-89	4,00,00,000
4.	1989-90	4,50,00,000
5.	1990-91	1,00,00,000
6.	1991-92	2,23,25,000
7.	1992-93	2,35,00,000
8.	1993-94	5,00,00,000
	TOTAL:	23,66,25,000

(d) The trainees for various courses conducted by National Institute of

Fashion Technology each year are selected through the process of a written examination/interview. The written examination is held simultaneously at Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Bangalore. The Table below gives the number of trainees selected from the year 1987 to 1994 from different states for admission to these courses:—

States	Year							
	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
No. of Courses	01	03	03	03	04	04	05	07
DELHI	11	29	39	45	72	81	93	120
MAHARASHTRA	02	08	06	04	08	04	03	06
GUJARAT	03	02	03	05	02	01	02	02
KARNATAKA	01	01	02	03	01	03	03	04
PUNJAB	03	07	02	03	06	03	07	07
ANDHRA P.	—	02	05	02	02	02	04	—
UTTAR P.	—	04	10	08	09	07	14	25
MADHYA P.	—	04	07	01	02	02	01	02
W. BENGAL	—	03	05	02	02	02	02	03
T. NADU	—	05	05	03	05	03	05	10
BIHAR	—	03	01	01	01	02	01	01
HARYANA	—	02	01	02	03	02	02	09
ASSAM	—	—	—	01	—	02	01	02
RAJASTHAN	01	02	02	03	02	01	05	04
KERALA	03	03	02	03	03	03	02	03
OTHERS	01	—	—	04	02	02	05	04
TOTAL:	25	75	90	90	120	120	150	202*

*13 Candidates being selected through waitlist.

(e) The Planning Commission had observed during 1991 that the cost which was being incurred by the Institute for imparting training in various disciplines per student per year was on the high side and needed to be reduced. The Commission had also observed at that time that the expenditure on account of the Institute should not be debited against the Handlooms Sector of the Ministry of Textiles as was being done till then. Accordingly from 1991 onwards, Central Govt. expenditure on account of the NIFT is being borne by the Ministry of Textiles under a distinct and separate Budget Head viz "Assistance for Research & Development" as distinct from the Budget head of the Handloom Sector. Similarly, the cost per student per year incurred by the Institute on training has also been reduced by increasing the capacity to train more and more persons and also by charging fees from the participants, thereby generating sufficien funds for the Institute.

(f) No, Sir.

(g) The amount of Council charges collected during the last three financial years is given below:—

Year	Amount (In Rs.)
1990-91	1,39,02,362.00
1991-92	1,30,81,748.00
1992-93	1,39,02,362.00

Revival of Modern Mills of Mumbai

2841. SHRI SATISH PRADHAN: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that modern mills of Mumbai which were closed for several years have recetly been revived without power and water connections on; and

(b) what are the terms and conditions under which the mills were revived and by when they are likely to get the electricity and water connections?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) and (b) As per available information, M/s. Modern Mills has been revived under the package of Board for Industrial & Financial Reconstruction (BIFR) without the connection of power and water. The power would be restored by end of August 1994 on settlement of electircity chrages. Water connection would also be restored.

12 NOON

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

Report and Accounts (1992-93) of the British India Corporation Limited, Kanpur and related papers

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILE (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY: Madam, I lay on the Table—

(a) A copy each (in English and Hindi) of the following papers, under sub-section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956:—

(i) Seventy-third annual Report and Account of the British India Corporation Limited, Kanpur, for the year 1992-93, together with the Auditors's Report on the Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India thereon.

(ii) Review by Government on the working of the above Coporation.

(b) Statement (in English and Hindi) giving reasons for the delay in laying the papers mentioned at (I) above [Placed in Library For (i) & (ii) *See* No LT 6259/94]

I. Notification of the Ministry of Finance

II. Report and Accounts (year ended on 31st March, 1994) of the Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation, Bombay and related papers

III. Notifications of the Ministry of Finance (Deptt. of Economic Affairs

IV. Consolidated Report (year ended on 31st March, 1994) on the working of Public Sector Banks

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M.V. CHANDRASHEKHAR MURTHY): Madam, I lay on the Table—

I. (i) A copy each (in Engslish and Hindi) of the following Notification of the Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs) (Banking Division), under sub-section (3) of section 36 of the Recovery of Debts Due to